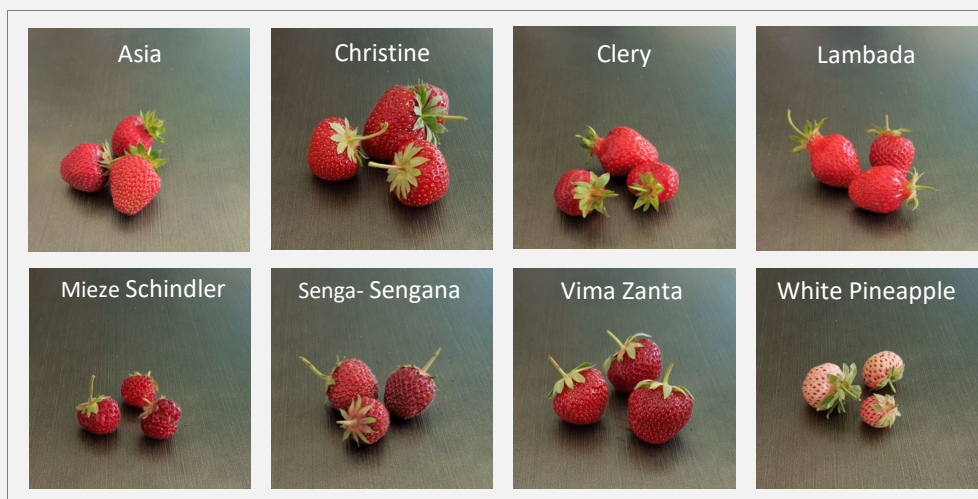


## Organic acids in strawberries

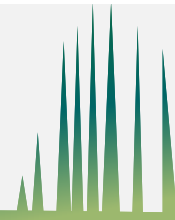


### Results:

	content [mg/kg]							
	Asia	Christine	Clery	Lambada	Mieze Schindler	Senga-Sengana	Vima Zanta	White Pineapple
Nitrate	38	35	10	18	4	47	9	13
Citrate	9046	5775	6331	9590	9426	6809	5755	12298
Malate	1222	1126	990	887	1940	1900	629	980
Ascorbate	<1	278	162	23	<1	6	<1	122
Sum Citrate+Malate	10268	6900	7320	10477	11366	8709	6384	13279

### Conclusions:

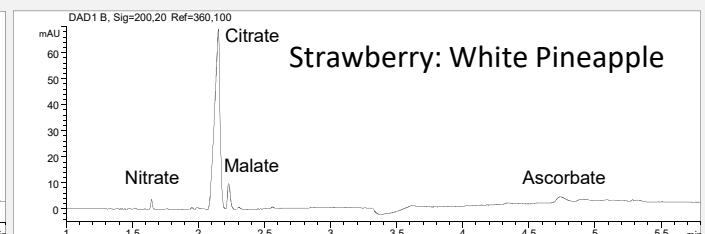
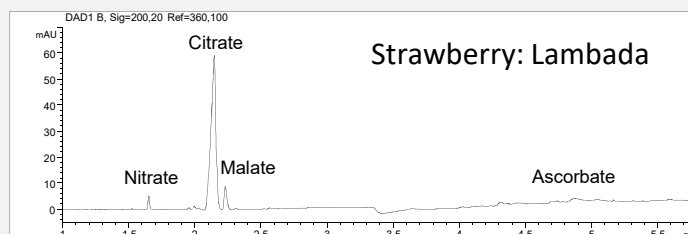
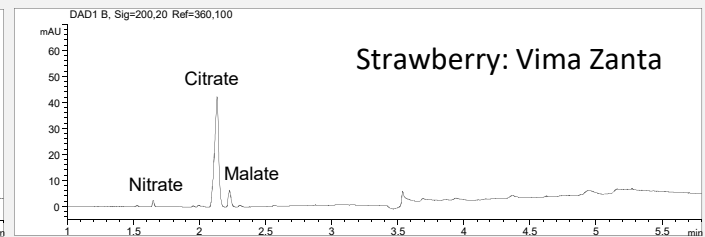
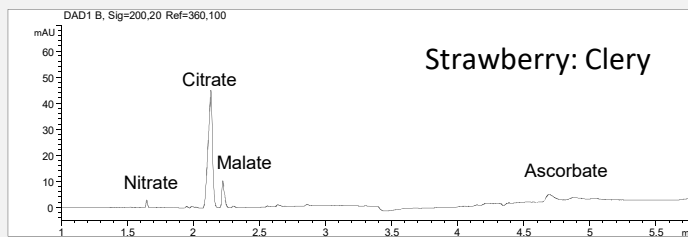
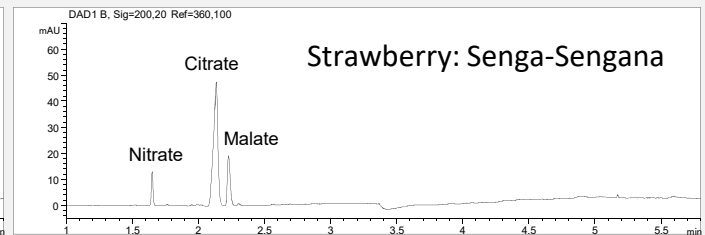
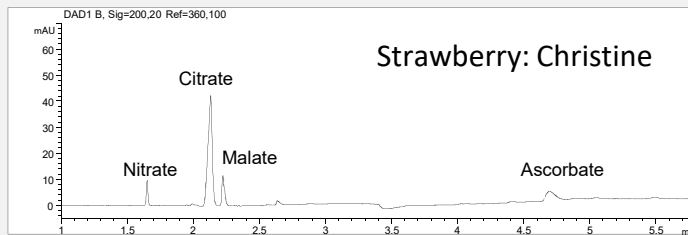
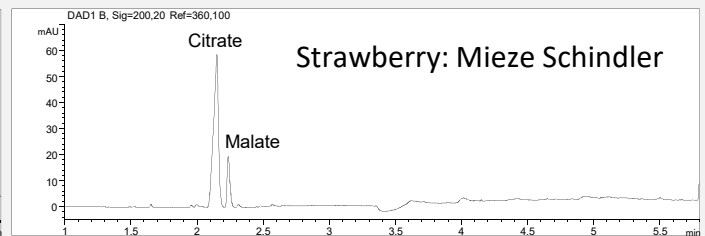
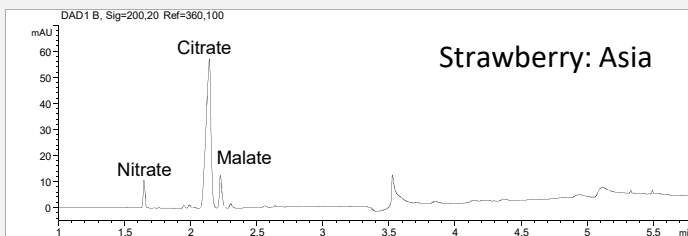
- Citric acid and Malic acid are the main organic acids in strawberries.
- The content and the relation of citrate and malate differs in the different sorts of strawberries.
- White Pineapple shows the highest content of organic acids and Vima Zanta the lowest.
- The content on nitrate could be caused by fertilization or by the degradation of amino acids.



## Organic acids in strawberries

### Sample preparation:

- Three fruits of each sort were pureed and deep-frozen.
- Immediately before the measurement, the puree was thawed.
- Each puree was diluted 1:5 using water and centrifuged to separate insoluble solids.
- Before injection, each sample was diluted again 1:4, resulting in a total dilution of 1:20.



### Experimental conditions:

- Mode: CZE
- Electrolyte: Phosphate
- Capillary: PVA coated, 50  $\mu\text{m}$  I.D., 56 cm effective length
- Injection: 50 mbar, 15 s
- Detection: direct, 200 nm for ascorbic acid: 260 nm
- Separation: 25°C, -30 kV.